

Task: KUP

Plot purchase



Stage III. Day one. Source file kup.*

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Available memory: 64 MB.

Byteasar is going to buy an industrial plot. His fortune is estimated at k bythalers and this is exactly the amount Byteasar would like to spend on the parcel. Finding a parcel worth exactly k bythalers, however, is not an easy task. For this reason Byteasar is ready to buy a more expensive plot. He considers taking out a loan. The Byteotian Credit Bank will grant him a loan of up to k bythalers. Thus, Byteasar can spend no more than $2k$ bythalers on the parcel and he would like to spend no less than k bythalers.

The area in which Byteasar wants to buy his parcel is a square with side length of n metres. The current landlords have set up various prices per square metre. Byteasar has spoken to each one of them and has then prepared a price map of the area. The map depicts the price of every metre by metre square. Clearly, there are n^2 such squares. Now is the time to find the dream parcel. It has to be rectangular and consist of whole unit squares. Byteasar has already started looking for the plot on the map, but after many hours he was still unable to find a suitable one. Be a chap and help him!

Task

Write a programme that:

- reads the numbers k and n from the standard input, along with the price map of the area,
- determines a parcel with price in the interval $[k, 2k]$ or states that no such parcel exists,
- writes out the result to the standard output.

Input

The first line of the standard input contains two integers, k and n , separated by a single space, $1 \leq k \leq 1\,000\,000\,000$, $1 \leq n \leq 2\,000$. Each of the following n lines contains n non-negative integers, separated by single spaces. i^{th} number in the line no. $j + 1$ denotes the price of unit square with coordinates (i, j) . The price of one square metre does not exceed $2\,000\,000\,000$ bythalers.

Output

If no plot with price in the interval $[k, 2k]$ exists, your programme should output exactly one line with word NIE (NO in Polish). Otherwise it should print out one line with four positive integers x_1, y_1, x_2, y_2 separated by single spaces and denoting the rectangle's coordinates. (x_1, y_1) denotes the upper left rectangle corner, while (x_2, y_2) the lower right corner. Then it consists of the squares: $\{(x, y) \mid x_1 \leq x \leq x_2 \text{ and } y_1 \leq y \leq y_2\}$. The sum c of prices of the squares forming up this rectangle should satisfy the inequality $k \leq c \leq 2k$. If more than one rectangular parcel satisfies this condition, pick one arbitrarily.

Example

For the input data:

4 3
1 1 1
1 9 1
1 1 1

the correct result is:

NIE

and for the input data:

8 4
1 2 1 3
25 1 2 1
4 20 3 3
3 30 12 2

the correct result is:

2 1 4 2

1	2	1	3
25	1	2	1
4	20	3	3
3	30	12	2

The price map of the area and the parcel from the second example